

Girl Guides Singapore

(Registered Under the Charities Act, Chapter 37) (Established in the Republic of Singapore) (UEN S67SS0005D)

Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2011

UEN: 200507237N
Incorporated with limited liability
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Girl Guides Singapore

Statement By National Council

We, Mrs Chua-Lim Yen Ching and Miss Eleanor Lee Kim Lin, hereby state that in the opinion of the

National Council of Girl Guides Singapore, the financial statements set out in 5 to 29 are drawn up so as

to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Girl Guides Singapore as at 31 December 2011 and of

the results, and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

On behalf of the National Council

Mrs Chua-Lim Yen Ching **Chief Commissioner**

Miss Eleanor Lee Kim Lin

Honorary Treasurer

Singapore 21 April 2012



Independent Auditor's Report to the National Council of Girl Guides Singapore

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Girl Guides Singapore, which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2011, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in accumulated fund and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

National Council's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The National Council is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Charities Act, Chapter 37 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition, that transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair profit and loss accounts and balance sheets and to maintain accountability of assets.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the National Council, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Independent Auditor's Report to the National Council of Girl Guides Singapore (Cont'd...)

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements are properly drawn up in accordance with the provision of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of Girl Guides Singapore as at 31 December 2011 and the results, changes in funds and cash flows of Girl Guides Singapore for the financial year ended on that date.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by regulations enacted under the Charities Act to be kept by Girl Guides Singapore have been properly kept in accordance with the provision of the Act.

During the course of our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that:

- (a) Girl Guides Singapore did not comply with the requirements of Regulation 15 (fund-raising expenses) in the Charities (Institutions of a Public Character) (Amendment) Regulations 2008.
- (b) the funds have not been used in accordance with the objectives of Girl Guide Singapore as an institution of a public charter.

Menals

Nexia TS Public Accounting Corporation Public Accountants and Certified Public Accountants

Singapore 21 April 2012

	Note	2011	2010
		\$	\$
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	2,821,893	3,066,689
Other receivables	4	163,552	156,970
Inventories	5	103,976	78,846
Other current assets	6	33,556	18,376
	_	3,122,977	3,320,881
Non-Current Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	7	2,807,066	3,034,780
	_		
Total Assets	_	5,930,043	6,355,661
Current Liabilities			
Other payables and accruals	8	111,041	108,005
Specific grants and donations received in advance	9	199,000	336,000
	_		
		310,041	444,005
Non-current Liabilities			
Deferred capital grant	10	1,000,140	1,074,818
Total Liabilities	_	1,310,181	1,518,823
	-		
Net Assets	=	4,619,862	4,836,838
Representing:			
Funds			
Accumulated fund		2,004,745	2,097,657
Dorothy Chan fund	11	19,085	19,345
Fixed assets replacement reserve	13	120,000	120,000
Division fund	14	93,577	93,499
Trefoil fund	15	5,990	4,543
Training fund	16	36,400	47,505
Total	-	2,279,797	2,382,549
Building fund	12	2,340,065	2,454,289
Total funds	-	4,619,862	4,836,838
	_		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

	Note	2011 \$	2010 \$
Net surplus of shop account	17	59,063	41,049
Other income	18	989,071	1,460,430
Land premium grant	24	431,762	431,765
Amortisation of deferred capital grant	10	74,678	73,443
Amortisation of building fund	12	114,224	114,224
		1,668,798	2,120,911
Less: Expenses			
Operating expenses	19	(407,728)	(375,966)
Guiding programme and development	20	(544,178)	(336,344)
Campsite expenses Depreciation of property, plant and equipment at	21	(173,485)	(198,288)
headquarter		(204,557)	(206,098)
Land premium	24	(431,762)	(431,765)
		(1,761,710)	(1,548,461)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income, representing (deficit)/surplus for the financial year	9	(92,912)	572,450

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Accumulated Fund		
Balance at beginning of financial year	2,097,657	1,525,207
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the financial Year	(92,912)	572,450
Balance at the end of financial year	2,004,745	2,097,657

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

	Note	2011	2010
Cash flows from operating activities		\$	\$
(Deficit) / surplus for the financial year		(92,912)	572,450
Adjustment for: - Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	7	259,430	255,798
- Interest received		(6,705)	(5,500)
- Amortisation of deferred capital grants	10	(74,678)	(73,443)
- Amortisation of building fund	12	(114,224)	(114,224)
		(29,089)	635,081
Changes in working capital:			
- Inventories		(25,130)	21,143
- Other receivables		(6,582)	(62,232)
- Other current assets		(15,180)	24,999
- Other payables and accruals		3,036	2,599
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating			<u> </u>
activities		(72,945)	621,590
Cash flows from investing activities	_		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	7	(31,716)	(83,538)
Interest received		6,705	5,500
Net cash (used in) investing activities		(25,011)	(78,038)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Deferred capital grants		-	20,900
Dorothy Chan fund		(260)	5,925
Division fund		78	101
MOE Div fund		36,400	-
Training fund		(47,505)	(13,338)
Trefoil fund		1,447	389
Specific grants and donation received in advance		199,000	336,000
Specific grants and donation used		(336,000)	-
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities		(146,840)	349,977
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial		(244,796)	893,529
year		3,066,689	2,173,160
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	3	2,821,893	3,066,689

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Girl Guides Singapore financial statements.

1 General Information

Girl Guides Singapore is a society established in Singapore. Its principal place of business is at 9 Bishan Street 14 Singapore 579785.

The principal activity of Girl Guides Singapore is to train girls and young women to develop themselves as responsible citizens.

2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS"), including related interpretation promulgated by the Accounting Standards Council. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with FRS requires the National Council to exercise its judgement in the process of applying Girl Guides Singapore's accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions.

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. There are no areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where estimates and assumptions are significant to the financial statements.

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2011

On 1 January 2011, the Girl Guides Singapore adopted the new or amended FRS and Interpretations to FRS ("INT FRS") that are mandatory for application from that date. Changes to the accounting policies of Girl Guides Singapore have been made as required, in accordance with the transitional provisions in the respective FRS and INT FRS.

The adoption of these new or amended FRS and INT FRS did not result in substantial changes to the accounting policies of Girl Guides Singapore and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current and prior financial years.

(b) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially stated at cost. Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

(b) Property, plant and equipment (Cont'd...)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the cost of property, plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives. The annual depreciation rate has been taken as follows:

Furniture & fittings - 5 years
Office, camping, electrical & training equipment - 3 – 5 years
Public address system & musical equipment - 5 years
Headquarters renovation - 5 years
Campsite and renovation - 5 – 20 years
Headquarters leasehold land & building - 28 years

Useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in

Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset, will flow to Girl Guides Singapore and the cost can be reliably measured. Other subsequent expenditure which does not provide future economic benefit is recognised as an expense during the year in which it is incurred.

Disposal

On disposal of a property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is taken to the statement of comprehensive income; any amount in revaluation reserve relating to that asset is transferred to retained earnings.

(c) Currency translation

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar, which is the functional currency of Girl Guides Singapore.

Transactions in a currency other than Singapore Dollar ("foreign currency") are translated into Singapore Dollar using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Currency translation differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined. Currency translation differences on these items are included in the fair value reserve.

(d) Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the entity pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis.

Employee leave entitlement

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long-service leave as a result of service rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

(e) Donations

Donations are included in the statement of comprehensive income or in the fund accounts on a cash basis, except for donations specifically designated for future events or expenditure which are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the designated expenditure.

(f) Grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair values where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and Girl Guides Singapore will comply with attached conditions.

Government grants to support activities and projects for the financial period are recognised as income in the period it becomes receivable. Government grants related to capital assets are presented in the balance sheet and treated according to note (g) below.

(g) Capital Grants

These represent grants received from the Singapore Government for the construction of the campsite at Jalan Bahtera and the Girl Guides Singapore headquarters cum training centre at Bishan Street 14.

Government grants are taken to the deferred capital grant account upon utilisation of the grant for the purchase of assets which are capitalised, or to income or expenditure for purchases of assets which are expensed off. Government grants relating to such capital expenditure are deferred and taken to statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate. Government grants relating to assets are presented in the balance sheet as appropriate and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the related assets.

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(h) Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and rendering of services in the ordinary course of the entity's activities. Revenue is presented, net of goods and services tax, rebates and discounts.

Revenue from sale of merchandise and cookies is recognised when the entity has delivered the products to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

Interest income is recognised on accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(i) Other receivables

Other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

An allowance for impairment of trade and other receivables is recognised when there is objective evidence that Girl Guides Singapore will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the receivable is impaired. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amounts of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the year in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the year the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the year in which the reversal occurs.

(k) Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired

For the purpose of impairment testing of the assets, recoverable amount is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash flows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

An impairment loss for an asset is reversed if, and only if, there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the assets' recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of the asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of accumulated depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss for an asset is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(I) Provisions

Provisions required for asset dismantlement, removal or restoration, warranty, restructuring and legal claims are recognised when the Girl Guides Singapore has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

(m) Other payables

Other payables are initially measured at fair value, and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and bank deposits which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(o) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of financial assets traded in active markets are based on quoted market bidprices at the balance sheet date.

The fair values of current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Cash at bank and on hand Short term bank deposits	483,004	1,633,780
Fixed assets replacement reserve (Note 13)Division fund (Note 14)Other funds	120,000 93,577 2,125,312	120,000 93,499 1,219,410
	2,338,889	1,432,909
	2,821,893	3,066,689

Cash and cash equivalents consist of short-term bank deposits and cash at bank and on hand.

Short-term bank deposits at the balance sheet date have an average maturity date between 3 to 9 months from the end of the financial year with the average effective interest rates:

	2011	2010
Singapore Dollar	0.24%	0.24%

The exposure of short term deposits to interest rate risks is disclosed in Note 25.

4 Other Receivables

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Cookie sales receivables	41,808	26,377
Capitation grant receivables	108,708	115,920
Other receivables	13,036	14,673
	163,552	156,970

Cookie sales receivables relate to amounts receivable from schools for the sales of cookies.

Capitation grant receivables relate to Capitation Grant 2011 from the Ministry of Education which was subsequently received in February 2012.

5	Inventories		
		2011 \$	2010 \$
	Uniforms, badges, books and miscellaneous equipment Cookies	81,875 22,101	78,564 282
		103,976	78,846
	The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in (2010: \$159,270).	Cost of Sales" amounte	ed to \$146,942
6	Other Current Assets		
		2011 \$	2010 \$
	Refundable deposits Prepayments	6,950 26,606	5,610 12,766
		33,556	18,376

Equipment
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Plant and
$\ddot{\sim}$
Property,
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Total \$	8,127,830 31,716	8,159,546		5,093,050 259,430	5,352,480		2,807,066
Headquarters <u>Renovation</u> \$	87,560	87,560		38,027 13,416	51,443		36,117
Headquarters Leasehold Land & Building	4,934,018	4,934,018		2,108,835 176,526	2,285,361		2,648,657
Campsite and <u>renovation</u>	2,782,832	2,803,439		2,648,977 54,872	2,703,849		99,590
Public Address System & Musical Equipment	1,325	1,325		1,325	1,325		1
Office, Camping Electrical & Training Equipment	234,396 2,955	237,351		211,812 12,814	224,626		12,725
Furniture & Fittings	87,699 8,154	95,853		84,074 1,802	85,876		6,977
2011 Cost	Balance at beginning of financial year Additions	Balance at end of financial year	Accumulated depreciation	Balance at beginning of financial year Charge for the financial year	Balance at end of financial year	Net book value	As at 31 December 2011

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7 Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd...)

Girl Guides Singapore Annual Report

Total	8,044,292	8,127,830		4,837,252 255,798	5,093,050		3,034,780
Headquarters Renovation	48,020 39,540	87,560		27,910 10,117	38,027		49,533
Headquarters Leasehold Land & <u>Building</u>	4,934,018	4,934,018		1,932,304	2,108,835		2,825,183
Campsite and renovations	2,740,532	2,782,832		2,599,277 49,700	2,648,977		133,855
Public Address System & Musical Equipment	1,325	1,325		1,325	1,325		S S
Office, Camping Electrical & Training Equipment	232,698	234,396		194,065 17,747	211,812		22,584
Furniture & <u>Fittings</u>		87,699		82,371 1,703	84,074		3,625
2010 Cost	Balance at beginning of financial year Additions	Balance at end of financial year	Accumulated depreciation	Balance at beginning of financial year Charge for the financial year	Balance at end of financial year	Net book value	As at 31 December 2010

7 Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd...)

The leasehold land & building is fully funded by monetary capital grants and the building fund as analysed as follows:

	analysed as follows:	2011	2010
		2011 \$	2010 \$
	Gross amount	·	ŕ
	Building Fund [Note 12(a)]	3,079,787	3,079,787
	Deferred capital grants [Note 10(a)]	1,854,231	1,854,231
	Total	4,934,018	4,934,018
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Net of amortisation		4 7707 005
	Building Fund [Note 12(a)]	1,655,317	1,765,625
	Deferred capital grants [Note 10(a)]	993,340	1,059,558
	Total	2,648,657	2,825,183
8	Other Payables and Accruals GST payables Accrued operating expenses	2011 \$ 22,280 75,915	2010 \$ 27,626 72,660
	Other payables	12,846	7,719
		111,041	108,005
9	Specific grants and donations received in advance		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Government grant for Camp Christine refurbishment	199,000	236,000
	Specific donation for Thinking Day	-	100,000
		199,000	336,000

Government grant for Camp Christine refurbishment is grant received from Ministry of Education. The Camp Christine refurbishment construction will commence in early 2012.

10	Deferred Capital Grants		-
	Composition:	2011 \$	2010 \$
	Girl Guide Singapore Headquarters [Note (a)] Campsite - Camp Christine [Note (b)]	993,340 6,800	1,059,558 15,260
		1,000,140	1,074,818
		2011 \$	2010 \$
	(a) Girl Guides Singapore Headquarters Cost	•	ф
	Balance at beginning and end of financial year	1,854,231	1,854,231
	Accumulated amortisation		
	Balance at beginning of financial year Charge for the financial year	794,673 66,218	728,450 66,223
	Balance at end of financial year	860,891	794,673
	Net book value	993,340	1,059,558
	(b) Campsite – Camp Christine Cost	2011 \$	2010 \$
	Balance at beginning of financial year Addition	100,900	80,000 20,900
	Balance at end of financial year	100,900	100,900
	Accumulated amortisation		
	Balance at beginning of financial year Charge for the financial year	85,640 8,460	78,420 7,220
	Balance at end of financial year	94,100	85,640
	Net book value	6,800	15,260

The total amortisation expenses of \$74,678 (2010: \$73,443) were included in the statement of comprehensive income.

11 Dorothy Chan Fund

This fund is set up to account for donations received for camp fees subsidy.

Composition:	2011 \$	2010 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year Utilisation of fund – subsidised camp fees Donation received	19,345 (260) -	13,420 (75) 6,000
Balance at end of financial year	19,085	19,345

12 Building Fund

This fund is set up to account for donations received for the development of Girl Guides Singapore headquarters cum training centre and its related income and expenditure. The building was completed in December 1998.

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Girl Guides Singapore Headquarters [Note (a)] Upgrading of Heritage Gallery [Note (b)] Non-designated building fund	1,655,317 16,117 668,631	1,765,625 20,033 668,631
Tron doolgnated banding tand	2,340,065	2,454,289
(a) Girl Guides Singapore Headquarters	2011 \$	2010 \$
Cost		
Balance at beginning and end of financial year	3,079,787	3,079,787
Accumulated amortisation		
Balance at beginning of financial year Charge for the financial year	1,314,162 110,308	1,203,854 110,308
Balance at end of financial year	1,424,470	1,314,162
Net book value	1,655,317	1,765,625

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Building Fund (Cont'd)		.,
	2011 \$	2010 \$
(b) <u>Upgrading of Heritage Gallery</u>	•	·
Cost		
Balance at beginning and end of financial year	30,000	30,000
Accumulated amortisation	1	
Balance at beginning of financial year	9,967	6,051
Charge for the financial year	3,916	3,916
Balance at end of financial year	13,883	9,967
Net book value	16,117	20,033

In 2007, Girl Guides Singapore received a \$30,000 donation from Shaw Foundation. This donation was ear-marked for the upgrading and updating of the Heritage Gallery at Girl Guides Singapore Headquarters. As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, the balance of the unutilised fund is \$6,989.

The amortisation expenses of \$114,224 (2010: \$114,224) were included in the statement of comprehensive income.

13 Fixed Assets Replacement Reserve

This reserve is set up for the purpose of future property, plant and equipment asset replacements.

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Balance at beginning and end of financial year	120,000	120,000

14 Division Fund

This represents funds raised by the Girl Guides Singapore's four divisions. These are set aside for the respective divisions' guiding activities.

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year Interest received	93,499 78	93,398 101
Balance at end of financial year	93,577	93,499

15 Trefoil Fund

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This fund is set up for the support of the alumni of Girl Guides Singapore. The Trefoil Guild is self-sufficient in supporting their activities.

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year Contributions received from members Utilisation for activities	4,543 1,594 (147)	4,154 709 (320)
Balance at end of financial year	5,990	4,543
Training Fund		
Composition:	2011 \$	2010 \$
Project 5G [Note (a)] Fund from Ministry of Education [Note (b)]	- 36,400	17,505 30,000
	36,400	47,505
(a) Project 5G		
	2011 \$	2010 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year Utilisation of grant – Guides training	17,505 (17,505)	21,567 (4,062)

This fund was given by the Council for 3rd Age (Golden Opportunities Fund) to defray the expenses incurred for Project 5G (Girl Guides Garner Granny Generation).

(b) Fund from Ministry of Education

Balance at end of financial year

Tund Horr Willistry of Education	2011 \$	2010 \$
Balance at beginning of financial year	30,000	39,276
Grant received	69,200	30,000
Utilisation of grant – Guides training	(62,800)	(39,276)
Balance at end of financial year	36,400	30,000

During the financial year, Girl Guides Singapore received a total of \$69,200 (2010: \$30,000) from the Ministry of Education to support specific training and education activities.

17,505

17	Shop account		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Sales	239,035	231,303
	Less: Cost of sales		
	Opening inventories	78,564	97,146
	Purchases	150,253	140,688
	Lance Olevine in contactor	228,817	237,834
	Less: Closing inventories	(81,875)	(78,564)
		146,942	159,270
	Gross profit of shop account	92,093	72,033
	Shop assistant salaries and related payments	(33,030)	(30,984)
	Net surplus of shop account	59,063	41,049
18	Other Income		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Camp fees	16,309	2,036
	Campsite fees	24,200	78,700
	Capitation fees	47,319	46,189
	Cookies sales	427,055	385,555
	Capitation grant	108,708	115,920
	Toteboard training grant	=	47,467
	Interest received on deposits and savings accounts	6,705	5,500
	Utilisation of Ministry of Education training fund [Note 16(b)]	62,800	39,276
	National Volunteer & Philanthropy Centre Grant	41,496	69,024
	Non-tax exempt donations	3,229	5,495
	Specific donations for Thinking Day [Note 9]	100,000	-
	National Council of Social Service subsidy	-	540
	Tax exempt donations	5,000	69,004
	Training fees	85,203	94,060
	Grant for specific activities and projects	61,047	52,701
	Centenary Dinner 2010	- -	448,963
		989,071	1,460,430

19	Operating Expenses		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Advertisement	-	2,494
	Provision on allowance for untaken leave	-	1,791
	Audit fee	6,000	5,800
	Contract cleaning	22,827 6,938	22,800 3,027
	Contract services – temporary staff Insurance	13,444	12,398
	IT support services	41,420	12,000
	Landscape maintenance	5,600	4,200
	Medical expenses	1,059	943
	Miscellaneous	1,032	127
	Postage and bank charges	889	622
	Printing and stationery	11,464	5,490
	Professional fees	18,837	12,845
	Refreshments	3,932	1,494
	Repairs and maintenance	11,888	26,245
	Souvenir, card and floral basket	1,206	206
	Staff salaries and related costs	216,702	234,877
	Staff welfare and training	3,706	2,884
	Telephone	3,819	3,776
	Trefoil	147	-
	Transportation	474	58
	Water and light	36,344	33,889
		407,728	375,966
20	Guiding Programme and Development		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Brownie and guide branch activities	5,065	8,852
	Camp expenses	11,533	3,469
	Centenary celebration – Empower Girls	24,198	4,198
	Communication expenses	6,700	7,300
	Guide training expenses	49,567	35,506
	International expenses	51,961	16,358
	Membership promotion expenses	9,444	11,540
	Programme and division expenses	6,296	3,608
	Trainers salaries and related costs	279,940	183,380
	Thinking Day celebration Young Adults expenses	95,656 3,818	61,910 223
		EAA 470	336,344
		544,178	330,344

21	Campsite Expenses		
		2011	2010
		\$	\$
	Depreciation of campsite and renovation (Note 7)	54,872	49,700
	Insurance	3,028	3,917
	Laundry	2,502	7,776
	Repairs and maintenance	20,350	42,970
	Staff salaries and related costs	75,212	69,198
	Water, light and gas	17,521	24,727
		173,485	198,288
22	Employees Compensation		
		2011	2010
		2011 \$	2010 \$
	Wages and salaries		
	Wages and salaries Employer's contribution to Central Provident Fund	\$	\$
	Wages and salaries Employer's contribution to Central Provident Fund Other benefits	\$ 557,731	\$ 400,408
~~	Employer's contribution to Central Provident Fund	\$ 557,731	\$ 400,408 51,937
	Employer's contribution to Central Provident Fund	\$ 557,731 54,044 -	\$ 400,408 51,937 71,039

The jobs credit scheme is a cash grant introduced in the Singapore Budget 2009 to help businesses preserve jobs in the economic downturn. The jobs credit will be paid to eligible employers in 2009 in four payments and the amount an employer can receive would depend on the fulfillment of the conditions as stated in the scheme.

23 Income Tax

Under the provisions of Section 13U(1) of the Income Tax Act, the income of an approved not-for-profit organisation such as Girl Guides Singapore is exempt from tax, therefore no provision was made for the financial year.

24 Land Premium/Grant

On 5 May 1999, the Ministry of Finance agreed to provide Girl Guides Singapore 100% grant for the land premium pertaining to the state land on which its headquarters cum training centre is located.

The grant covers the entire 30-year lease of the said state land commencing from 15 May 1997. The annualised land premium is \$267,293 plus GST.

24 Land Premium/Grant (Cont'd...)

On 21 February 2005, the Ministry of Finance agreed to provide Girl Guides Singapore 100% grant for the annualised land premium of \$164,472 (2010: \$164,472) plus GST for the Temporary Occupancy License (TOL) of Camp Christine.

As at 31 December 2011, the Girl Guides Singapore has received, on a cumulative basis, land premium grant and stamp duty amounting to \$5,064,094 (2010: \$4,632,332), exclusive of GST, comprising \$4,022,864 (2010: \$3,755,571) and \$1,041,230 (2010: \$876,761) for the Girl Guides Singapore Headquarters and Camp Christine, respectively. The land premium grant received in 2011 of \$431,762 (2010: \$431,765) has accordingly been paid to the Singapore Land Authority.

25 Financial Risk Management

The Girl Guides Singapore's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk: interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Girl Guides Singapore's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Girl Guides Singapore's financial performance.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Girl Guide Singapore's exposure to interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Girl Guides Singapore's interest rate risk mainly arises from short-term bank deposits. The Girl Guides Singapore's exposure to interest rate risk is controlled and monitored on a regular basis.

The Girl Guides Singapore policy is to obtain the most favorable interest rates. Surplus funds are placed with reputable banks.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

At the balance sheet date, if SGD interest rate had been 25 (2010: 25) basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Girl Guides Singapore's net surplus for the year would have been \$1,450 (2010: \$1,450) higher/lower, arising mainly as a result of higher/lower interest income from fixed deposits placed with the banks.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Girl Guides Singapore's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from other receivables and cash and cash equivalents.

The Girl Guides Singapore's objective is to minimise losses incurred due to credit exposure. Credit risk is managed through the application of credit evaluation and monitoring procedures.

At balance sheet date, approximately 75% (2010: 39%) of the cash and cash equivalents relates to deposits with a financial institution with high credit rating. Other than this, the Girl Guides Singapore has no significant concentration of credit risk. The Girl Guides Singapore's maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the balance sheet.

25 Financial Risk Management (Cont'd...)

Credit risk (Cont'd...)

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are credit worthy debtors with good payment record with the Girl Guides Singapore. Cash and cash equivalents that are neither past due nor impaired are placed with financial institutions with high credit ratings.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Girl Guides Singapore will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Girl Guides Singapore's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The objective of liquidity management is to ensure that the Girl Guides Singapore has sufficient funds to meet its contractual and financial obligations. To manage liquidity risk, the Girl Guides Singapore's policy is to monitor its net operating cash flows and to maintain an adequate level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its working capital requirement.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Girl Guides Singapore's financial liabilities as at the balance sheet date based on contractual undiscounted payments.

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Less than one year		
Other payables and accruals	111,041_	108,005

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities included in the financial statements approximate their fair values due to the relatively short term maturity of these financial instruments.

26 Capital Management

The primary objective of the Girl Guides Singapore when managing its capital is to safeguard the entity's ability as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to continue the Girl Guides Singapore's principal activities of training girls and young women to develop themselves as responsible citizens.

The Girl Guides Singapore monitors capital by reviewing the level of total assets and total liabilities. The review of the Girl Guides Singapore's capital management policy and objective is conducted by the National Council. As part of the review, the Girl Guides Singapore makes use of the annual budgeting process and takes into consideration the projected operating cash flow and projected capital expenditure. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Girl Guides Singapore may take certain actions like fund raising activities. The Girl Guides Singapore's approach to capital management remains unchanged from the previous year.

The Girl Guides Singapore is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements for financial years ended 31 December 2010 and 2011.

26 Capital Management (Cont'd...)

Reserves

Girl Guides Singapore's policy is to build reserves as is necessary to support its mission and programmes. Girl Guides Singapore seeks a reserve level of one to two years' operating expenditure. The reserve policy will be reviewed by the National Council from time to time as needed.

Reserves	level	20	at 31	1 Dec	ember
THESE VES	eve	as	a i	LDEL	

	2011 \$	2010 \$
Total funds (excluding building fund)	2,279,797	2,382,549
Total operating expenditure Less specifically funded items:	1,761,710	1,548,461
- Land premium grant	(431,762)	(431,765)
- Depreciation	(74,680)	(73,443)
- Amortisation of building fund	(114,224)	(114,224)
	1,141,044	929,029

Funds in excess of operating expenses is 1.97 times (2010: 2.56 times).

27 Compensation of key management personnel

	2011	2010
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	195,575	154,740
Employer's contributions to Central Provident Fund	21,291	21,880
	216,866	176,620

The number of Girl Guides Singapore's top three (3) employees which falls within the following remuneration bands is as follows:

	2011	2010
< \$100,000	3	3_

The Girl Guides Singapore National Council members do not receive any remuneration.

28 New or Revised Accounting Standards and Interpretations

Certain new accounting standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012. Girl Guides Singapore does not expect that adoption of these accounting standards or interpretations will have a material impact on the Girl Guides Singapore financial statements.

29 Authorisation of financial statements

The financial statements of Girl Guides Singapore for the year ended 31 December 2011 were authorised for issue with the resolution of the Girl Guides Singapore's National Council on 21 April 2012.

GIRL GUIDES SINGAPORE ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES FOR ANNUAL REPORT 2011

1. Key Office-Holders

The key office-holders in Girl Guides Singapore namely the President, Chief Commissioner, Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer and other members on the National Council for 2011 are:

<u>Designation</u>	Name of Office-Holder	Date of Current Appointment	Date of First Appointment to National Council	<u>Occupation</u>
President	Joy Balakrishnan	2007	2007	Volunteer
Chief Commissioner	Chua Yen Ching*	2010	2005	Director, Curriculum Planning & Development Division, MOE
Honorary Secretary	Teoh Lian Ee	2009	2009	Senior Consultant
Honorary Treasurer	Eleanor Lee	2010	2010	Public Accountant
Vice-President /Fundraising	Caroline Lim			
Vice-President /Finance	Deborah Ong			
Deputy Chief Commissioner	Kim Lay Eng			
Deputy Chief Commissioner	Goh Soon Poh			
Deputy Chief Commissioner	Maz Mindi Peter			
International Commissioner	Tan Ngee Tiang			
Adviser	Anna Tham			
Adviser	Wah Teng Siew			
Adviser	Mas'amah bte Ruah			
Adviser	Chew Soon Gek			
Trefoil Guild President	Eileen Aw			
MOE Representative	Yasmin Seah			

^{*}Mrs Chua Yen Ching functions as the Chief Executive Officer.

2. Related Entities

Girl Guides Singapore does not have entities related to it.

3. Reserves Policy

Girl Guides Singapore's policy is to build reserves as is necessary to support its mission and programmes. Girl Guides Singapore seeks a reserve level of one to two years' operating expenditure. The reserve policy will be reviewed by the National Council from time to time as needed.

4. Funds in Deficit

Girl Guides Singapore does not have any funds that are in deficit

5. Principal Funding Sources

Girl Guides Singapore's operations and activities in 2011 are funded principally from the following sources:

- Government grants
- Cookies Sales
- Donations
- Training, camp and campsite fees
- Sales of items at Guide shop
- Interest received on deposits and savings accounts